

**B. TECH.
(SEM V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2022-23
COMPILER DESIGN**

*Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 100***Note:** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A****1. Attempt all questions in brief.****2 x 10 = 20**

- (a) How will you group the phases of compiler?
- (b) Mention the role of semantic analysis.
- (c) What are the various parts in LEX program?
- (d) Differentiate Parse tree and Syntax tree with an example.
- (e) Give the properties of intermediate representation.
- (f) Differentiate between LR and LL parsers.
- (g) What is phrase level error recovery?
- (h) Discuss the capabilities of CFG.
- (i) Define loop jamming.
- (j) What is induction variable?

SECTION B**2. Attempt any three of the following:****10 x 3 = 30**

- (a) Write SDD to produce three-address code for Boolean expressions and obtain the three-address code for the statement given below:

```

while a < b do
  if c < d then
    x = y * z
  else
    x = y + z

```

- (b) Discuss the stack allocation and heap allocation strategies of the runtime environment with an example.
- (c) What do you mean by attributed grammars? Discuss the translation scheme for converting an infix expression to its equivalent postfix form.
- (d) Construct the NFA and DFA for the following regular expression.

$$(0+1)^*(00+11)(0+1)^*$$

- (e) Explain the lexical analysis and syntax analysis phases of the compiler with a suitable example. Explain the reporting errors in these two phases as well.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10
- (a) Construct the CLR parse table for the following Grammar:
 $A \rightarrow BB$
 $B \rightarrow cB$
 $B \rightarrow d$
- (b) Construct the SLR parsing table for the following Grammar.
 $S \rightarrow 0S0$
 $S \rightarrow 1S1$
 $S \rightarrow 10$
4. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10
- (a) What is back patching. Generate three address code for the following Boolean expression using back patching:
 $a < b$ or $c > d$ and $e < f$
- (b) What is top down parsing? What are the problems in top down parsing? Explain each with suitable example.
5. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10
- (a) What is an activation record? Draw diagram of general activation record and explain the purpose of different fields of an activation record.
- (b) How do we represent the scope information? Explain scope by number and scope by location.
6. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10
- (a) Define Symbol table? Explain about the data structures used for symbol table.
- (b) Explain the following:
(i) Copy Propagation
(ii) Dead-Code Elimination
(iii) Code Motion
(iv) Reduction in Strength.
7. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10
- (a) Explain in the DAG representation of the basic block with example.
- (b) Write quadruple, triples and indirect triples for following expression :
 $a = b * - c + b * - c.$